Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

29-Apr-2016 Date prepared 1-Apr-2022 Date revised

CHUKOH FLO™ Adhesive tape Applicable products

ASF-110FR, ASF-110, ASF-110FN, ASF-119T, ASF-130T, ASM-110, AFA-

113A

1. Product and company identification

Product name See the applicable products above.

Product code

Company name CHUKOH CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.

Address ATT New Tower 10F, 2-11-7, Akasaka, Minato-ku,

Tokyo

03-6230-4414/81-3-6230-4417 Telephone Fax 03-6230-4413/81-3-6230-4446

Recommended use For industrial use Restrictions on use For industrial use

Information on domestic See above

manufacturers, etc.

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification Not applicable GHS label elements Not applicable

Pictures or symbols No information available Warning statements No information available Hazard information No information available Cautionary statements No information available

Other hazards not related to or

addressed by the GHS No information available

classification

Summary of important indications

No information available and possible emergencies

Not hazardous under normal handling. Heating Other fluorocarbon resin produces pyrolysis products (fumes),

which may cause eye, nose, and lung irritation if inhaled.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture Mixture

Chemical name or generic name	Concentration or concentration ranges	Chemical formula	Reference No. in gazetted list in Japan		
			Chemical Substances Control Law	,	CAS No.
Fluoro resin	42-98%	_	-		-
Adhesive material of silicone group	2.0-58%	-	-	-	-

Ingredients contributing to GHS classification

No information available

4. First-aid measures

Skin contact

Inhalation If fumes from heating or burning are inhaled, remove to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If molten polymer contacts skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Seek medical advice/attention if irritation occurs.

Eye contact Flush eyes cautiously with water for several minutes.

Seek medical advice/attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth.

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

The most important manifestations of acute and

delayed symptoms

No information available

Precautions necessary for the protection of persons

who provide first-aid measures

No information available

No information available Special precautions for physicians

5. Fire-fighting measures

Appropriate fire extinguishing media Small fires: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray,

and general foam.

Large fires: Water spray, water mist, and general foam.

Fire extinguishing media that should not be used in No information available

case of fire

Specific fire hazards

This product hardly flammable.

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive, and/or toxic gas.

Move product from fire area if you can do so without Specific fire extinguishing methods

Special protective equipment and precautions for

firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Firefighters should wear protection clothing and self-

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Cautions When fluorocarbon resin is exposed to high

> temperatures, it produces harmful particulates, fumes, and gases. In case of fire, evacuate upwind as far as

possible to avoid inhalation.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures

Wear suitable protective equipment (see Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection) to prevent

inhalation and exposure of eyes or skin.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge to rivers and environmental effects.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Break into small pieces. Collect if scatter. Dispose in

accordance with Section 13.

No information available Measures to prevent secondary accidents

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Technical measures Install equipment in Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection. Wear protective

equipment.

Precautions for safe handling

Do not carry cigarettes, cigars or tobaccos and do not smoke in the workplace as decomposition gas may be inhaled by smoking if the substance contacts them. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Prohibit the use of heat, sparks, and fire in the

surrounding area. Watch out for fire.

Do not touch, inhale or swallow this product.

Use exhaust ventilation to maintain airborne levels below

exposure limits.

Avoidance of contact Hygiene measures

See Section 10, Stability and reactivity. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Storage

Conditions for safe

storage

Stable at normal storage conditions. Storage at or below

25°C and 60% RH is preferred.

Safe containers and packaging materials

No restriction for packaging materials. Use containers

which will not be broken.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control concentration Allowable concentration

Not set Engineering measures

Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control

airborne levels.

If dust or fume is generated at high temperature install ventilation equipment to keep concentration of air pollutant below administrative level/allowable

concentration limit.

Protective equipment

Respiratory protection Wear respiratory protection.

Wear air-supplied respirators or gas mask for organic

gas.

Hand protection Wear eye protection.

Wear personal protective equipment including protective

clothing and protective mask if necessary.

Skin and body protection Wear personal protective equipment including protective

clothing and protective mask if necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Eye protection

Color White (ASF-110 FR, ASF-110, ASF-119T, ASF-130T,

ASM-110)

Transparent (AFA-113A)

Odor Odorless Melting point/freezing point Not available Boiling point, initial boiling Not available

point, and boiling range

Flame Retardancy

Lower explosion limit and

upper explosion limit/flammable limit

Flammability

Lower Not available

Not available Upper

Flash point Not available Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

pH

Not available

Not available

Not available

Viscosity

Not available

Solubility Insoluble in water. Swells in some solvents.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol Not available

Vapor pressure

Density and/or relative density

Relative gas density

Particle characteristics

Other data

Not available

Not available

Not available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal

conditions.

Begins to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 260°C. Thermal decomposition is more rapid at

temperatures above 400°C.

Chemical stability Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

May react with metal powders such as aluminum and magnesium or with fluorine compounds such as fluorine and chlorine trifluoride, and cause fire and explosion.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reaction or polymerization generating

excessive pressure/heat will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Metal powders such as aluminum and magnesium or

fluorine compounds such as fluorine and chlorine

trifluoride.

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition of this product may evolve the

following decomposition products at the following temperatures: Carbonyl fluoride and hydrogen fluoride (above 400°C). Tetrafluoroethylene (above 430°C). Hexafluoropropylene (above 440°C). Perfluoroisobutylene

(above 475°C).

Not available

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral Not available

Dermal Not available
Inhalation (vapor) Not available
Inhalation (dust) Not available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Not available

Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available Not available

Swallowing hazard Others

Thermal decomposition of fluoropolymers may generate polymer fumes, hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, and perfluoroisobutylene. The toxicity information is as follows.

Effects on humans

Inhalation of fumes from burning may produce polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like condition with fever,

chills and cough.

This may last for a whole day and night.

Skin absorption will not occur. There are no reports of

sensitization.

Effects of hydrogen

fluoride

Inhalation of low concentrations of hydrogen fluoride can initially include symptoms of choking, coughing, and severe eye, nose, and throat irritation, fever, chills for one to two days, followed by difficulty in breathing, cyanosis, and pulmonary edema.

Overexposure to hydrogen fluoride can injure the liver

and kidneys.

Effects of carbonyl

fluoride

Skin: Irritation with discomfort or rash

Eye: Corrosion with corneal or conjunctival ulceration

Upper respiratory passage: Irritation

Lung: Temporary irritation effects with cough,

discomfort, difficulty in breathing, or shortness of breath (Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity after excessive exposures to thermal decomposition

products.)

Effects of

perfluoroisobutylene

Even trace amounts are extremely toxic.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Not available

Handle with care as leakage or disposal may affect the

environment.

In particular, ensure that the product does not flow

directly into the ground, rivers or drains.

Persistence and degradability ecological accumulative property

Mobility in soil

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not available Not available Not available

Does not contain any substances that deplete the ozone

layer listed in Annexes to the Montreal Protocol.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste from residues

Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and standards of local governments. Entrust the disposal to a licensed waste disposal contractor or a local public body who conducts the

disposal.

When entrusting the disposal to a disposal contractor, notify the danger and toxicity thoroughly to the

contractor.

Contaminated container and packaging

Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and standards of local governments.

14. Transport information

UN number
Item (UN transport name)

Not dangerous goods Not dangerous goods UN Classification

Container grade

Not dangerous goods

Mot dangerous goods

Mot dangerous goods

Not dangerous goods

Liquid substances transported

In bulk according to MARPOL

73/78 Annex II and IBC Code

Special safety measures for Confirm that there is no damage, corrosion, or leakage of

transportation or means of the containers before transportation.

transportation Avoid direct sunlight at transportation. Load containers

not to cause damage, corrosion or leakage and

thoroughly prevent load collapse. Do not stack heavy objects.

Regulatory information on domestic regulations, if any Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

Applicable laws and regulations and information on requirements imposed by such laws and regulations

Pollutant Release and Not applicable

Transfer Register (PRTR)

Industrial Safety and

Health Law

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act

Other applicable laws and regulations and information on requirements imposed by

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

16. Other information

Hazard statements herein are made based on the assumption of industrial use and general handling. Handle with care at the actual use by referring to the hazard

statements herein.

Restrictions on use This product is not intended for medical use. Do not use

this product for implant or in a way that will contact with

the body fluid or tissue.

Consult with us in advance if it is expected to use the

product in medical field.

References SDS made by raw material manufacturers.

The information herein may be revised if any new findings are obtained. Values of concentration and physical and chemical properties are not guaranteed values. Hazards identification was prepared based on the documents, information and data available at the time of preparation, but it does not mean that all documents, information and data are covered.