CHUKOH FLO™ PFA tube Applicable products

1. Product and company identification

See the applicable products above. Product name

Product code

Company name CHUKOH CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES. LTD.

Address ATT New Tower 10F, 2-11-7, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo

03-6230-4414/81-3-6230-4417 Telephone 03-6230-4413/81-3-6230-4446 Fax

Recommended use For industrial use Restrictions on use For industrial use Information on domestic See above

manufacturers, etc.

2. Hazards identification

**GHS** Classification Not applicable GHS label elements

Pictures or symbols No information available Warning statements No information available Hazard information No information available No information available Cautionary statements

Other hazards not related to or addressed

by the GHS classification

No information available

Summary of important indications and

possible emergencies

Other

No information available

Not hazardous under normal handling. Heating

fluorocarbon resin produces pyrolysis products (fumes), which may cause eye, nose, and lung irritation if inhaled.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture Substance

Chemical name or generic name	Concentration or concentration ranges	Reference No. in gazetted list in Japan		
		Chemical Substances Control Law	Industrial Safety and Health Act	CAS No.
Per Fluoro-Alkoxy alkane polymer(PFA)	100%	6-944	6-944	26655-00-5

Ingredients contributing to GHS classification No information available

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If fumes from heating or burning are inhaled, remove to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water.

> If molten polymer contacts skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Seek medical advice/attention if irritation occurs.

Eye contact Flush eyes cautiously with water for several minutes.

Seek medical advice/attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth.

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

The most important manifestations of acute and delayed

symptoms

No information available

Precautions necessary for the protection of persons who

provide first-aid measures

No information available

Special precautions for physicians

No information available

5. Fire-fighting measures

Appropriate fire extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire:

Water, foam, powder, etc.

Fire extinguishing media that should not be used in case of fire

No information available

Specific fire hazards

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive, and/or toxic gas.

Specific fire extinguishing methods

Move product from fire area if you can do so without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance and use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Firefighters should wear protection clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Cautions

When fluorocarbon resin is exposed to high temperatures, it produces harmful particulates, fumes, and gases. In case of fire, evacuate upwind as far as possible to avoid inhalation.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

procedures

Wear suitable protective equipment (see Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection) to prevent inhalation and exposure of eyes or skin.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to rivers and environmental effects.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Measures to prevent secondary accidents

Break into small pieces. Collect if scatter. Dispose in

accordance with Section 13.

No information available

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Technical measures

Install equipment in Section 8, Exposure

controls/personal protection. Wear protective equipment.

Precautions for safe handling

Prohibit the use of heat, sparks, and fire in the

surrounding area. Watch out for fire.

Do not carry cigarettes, cigars or tobaccos and do not smoke in the workplace as decomposition gas may be inhaled by smoking if the substance contacts them.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion.

Avoid breathing dust/fume.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Avoidance of contact Hygiene measures See Section 10, Stability and reactivity. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

Stable at normal storage conditions. Storage at or below

25°C and 60% RH is preferred. Keep away from oxidizing agents.

Safe containers and packaging materials

No restriction for packaging materials. Use containers

which will not be broken.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control concentration No settings
Allowable concentration No settings

Engineering measures

In a process to heat over 260°C, good ventilation is necessary and also local exhaust equipment is to be

installed.

Protective equipment

Respiratory protection Wear appropriate respiratory protection if ventilation is

not enough.

Hand protection Wear eye protection.

Eye protection Wear personal protective equipment including protective

clothing and protective mask if necessary.

Skin and body Wear personal protective equipment including protective

protection clothing and protective mask if necessary.

Not available

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Color Translucent White

Odor

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and

Odorless

280-310°C

Not available

boiling range

Flash point

Flammability Flame Retardancy

Lower

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit/flammable limit

Upper Not available
Not available

Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

PH

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Insoluble in water

Not available

Vapor pressure

Density and/or relative density

Relative gas density

Particle characteristics

Other data

Not available

Not applicable

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal

conditions.

Begins to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above

260°C. Thermal decomposition is more rapid at

temperatures above 400°C.

Chemical stability Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

May react with metal powders such as aluminum and magnesium or with fluorine compounds such as fluorine and chlorine trifluoride, and cause fire and explosion.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reaction or polymerization generating

excessive pressure/heat will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Metal powders such as aluminum and magnesium or

fluorine compounds such as fluorine and chlorine

trifluoride.

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition of this product may evolve the

following decomposition products at the following temperatures: Carbonyl fluoride and hydrogen fluoride (above 400°C). Tetrafluoroethylene (above 430°C). Hexafluoropropylene (above 440°C). Perfluoroisobutylene

(above 475°C).

#### 11. Toxicological information

Skin corrosion/irritation

Acute toxicity

Oral LD50 in rat : 11,000mg/kg

Dermal Not available
Inhalation (vapor) Not available
Inhalation (dust) Not available
Not available
Not available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Not available
Not available
Not available
It falls under

It falls under Group 3 (cannot be classified as carcinogenic) in the IARC (International Agency for

Research on Cancer) classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Swallowing hazard

Not available

Others

Thermal decomposition of fluoropolymers may generate polymer fumes, hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, and perfluoroisobutylene. The toxicity information is as

follows.

Effects on health Inhalation of fumes from burning may produce polymer

fume fever, a temporary flu-like condition with fever, chills

and cough.

This may last for a whole day and night.

Skin absorption will not occur. There are no reports of

sensitization.

Effects of hydrogen

fluoride

Inhalation of low concentrations of hydrogen fluoride can initially include symptoms of choking, coughing, and severe eye, nose, and throat irritation, fever, chills for one to two days, followed by difficulty in breathing, cyanosis,

and pulmonary edema.

Overexposure to hydrogen fluoride can injure the liver and

kidneys.

Effects of carbonyl

fluoride

Skin: Irritation with discomfort or rash

Eye: Corrosion with corneal or conjunctival ulceration

Upper respiratory passage: Irritation

Lung: Temporary irritation effects with cough, discomfort,

difficulty in breathing, or shortness of breath

(Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the lungs may

have increased susceptibility to the toxicity after

excessive exposures to thermal decomposition products.)

Effects of

perfluoroisobutylene

Even trace amounts are extremely toxic.

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not available

Handle with care as leakage or disposal may affect the

environment.

In particular, take measures to prevent the product from

flowing into the ocean via soil, drains and rivers.

Persistence and degradability

Not available

ecological accumulative property

Mobility in soil

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not available Not available

Does not contain any substances that deplete the ozone

layer listed in Annexes to the Montreal Protocol.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Information on safe and environmentally desirable disposal or recycling of chemicals, contaminated containers and packaging

Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and standards of local governments. Entrust the disposal to a licensed waste disposal contractor or a local public body who conducts the disposal.

When entrusting the disposal to a disposal contractor, notify the danger and toxicity thoroughly to the

contractor.

14. Transport information

UN number

Not dangerous goods

Item (UN transport name)

Not dangerous goods

UN Classification

Not dangerous goods

Container grade

Not dangerous goods

marine pollutant

Not dangerous goods

Liquid substances transported in bulk
according to MARPOL 73/78 Annex II

and IBC Code

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Special safety measures for transportation or means of

transportation

Confirm that there is no damage, corrosion, or leakage of the containers before transportation.

Avoid direct sunlight at transportation. Load containers not to cause damage, corrosion or leakage and thoroughly

prevent load collapse. Do not stack heavy objects.

Regulatory information on domestic regulations, if any

Not applicable

## 15. Regulatory information

Applicable laws and regulations and information on requirements imposed by such laws and regulations

Pollutant Release and Transfer

Register (PRTR)

Not applicable

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious

Substances Control Act

Other applicable laws and regulations and information on requirements imposed by such laws and regulations

Not applicable

Not applicable

# 16. Other information

Hazard statements herein are made based on the assumption of industrial use and general handling. Handle with care at the actual use by referring to the hazard

statements herein.

Restrictions on use 
This product is not intended for medical use. Do not use

this product for implant or in a way that will contact with

the body fluid or tissue.

Consult with us in advance if it is expected to use the

product in medical field.

References SDS made by raw material manufacturers.

The information herein may be revised if any new findings are obtained.

Values of concentration and physical and chemical properties are not guaranteed values.

Hazards identification was prepared based on the documents, information and data available at the time of preparation, but it does not mean that all documents, information and data are covered.